



## KUZMA STOGI S 12 VTA TONEARM Instruction manual

Serial Number: .....

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# KUZMA LTD INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR S 12 VTA tonearm

The **Stogi S 12VTA** tonearm is a very precisely engineered piece of equipment, however, the construction is robust and requires minimal maintenance for optimal performance.

Page



Fig.1

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### General description :

**General Description:** the tonearm is packed in one box with the serial number and type of wiring marked on the outside

The tonearm is of a unipivot design with a unique, rigid headshell made from a solid aluminium block and a base of solid brass which, together control all vibration as well as facilitating the stability of the tonearm as a whole. All other parts are machined from blocks of solid metal in order to provide damping and minimise resonances. The polished pivot point is sited in a well of oil, which allows only minute friction and bearing vibration. The height is at record level for optimum tracking, while silicone damping controls resonance of the cartridge and arm combination and also gives stability in azimuth direction.

Three counterweights allow for easy adjustment of the tracking force and for general and fine azimuth adjustment. Wires are in one continuous piece from the headshell to the RCA plugs.

The whole construction is mounted on a rigid VTA tower which allows very precise VTA adjustment while playing, without any loss of rigidity, yet with up to 0.01 mm of precision and zero play.

Stogi S 12 VTA tonearm:	Fechnical data :
Mass:	1530 g ( + armbase 220g)
Effective length :	304,8 mm
Mounting distance:	212 mm
Distance from centre to hor. bearin	g: 291 mm
Offset angle:	17,8 degrees
Effective mass:	13 g
Bearings:	unipivot
VTA adjustment:	yes (scale 0.1mm)
Azimuth adjustment:	yes
Bias adjustment:	yes
Arm mount:	Kuzma 212 mm

Optional: balanced wiring, armbase

### 1. Unpacking:

The tonearm with accessories is packed in one box. Before unpacking the individual parts of the tonearm, make some space and check that your turntable has the right tonearm cutout.

Content:

Bearing base, tube base, headshell's fingerlift PVC bottle with silicone oil, Allen keys: 1.5, 2, and 3 mm, cartridge mounting hex screws M2.5 mm non magnetic, geometry protractor, armbase, 9x hex screws )

Optional: armbase.

Open the box carefully and remove the top covers. For mounting on other turntables, armbase is required as optional spare part.

### 2. Basic set up:

#### For Stabi S turntables:

Tonearm pillar fits directly into brass part of a turntable.

#### Armbase:

Mount the armbase on the turntable. Be sure that you position the armbase so as to give access to the Allen key for fixing arm into the armbase (towards the back of the turntable). Also check, when mounting the arm on other turntables, that you allow enough clearance for counterweights and correct position of the tube in relationship to the platter.

#### VTA arm tower:

Insert the VTA arm tower into the armbase. Ensure that the height is such, that the bearing shaft is at the same height as the record. Fix it with an Allen key. Also check that the VTA adjustment is in the middle position, to allow fine VTA adjustment up and down 5 mm each way.

With 1.5 mm Allen key, release the small ring which is on the fixing pillar below the VTA arm tower. Now it will drop down and touch the armbase. Fix the ring again and release the VTA arm tower. You now have the correct height but you can freely rotate the VTA arm tower horizontally. Rotate it to such a position that the distance from the centre of the record to the centre of the horizontal bearing is 291 mm. Now fix VTA arm tower.

#### Tube base:

Carefully lift the tube base with counterweights and cable which, (for **transport only**) is fixed at the end of the tube. Position it gently onto the bearing shaft. The bearing pivot will automatically fit into the bearing cup on top of the bearing shaft. With Allen key (1.5 mm), release and then remove the metal holder and cable from the back of the tube and carefully fix it on the outside of the bearing base. Rotate the cable in such a way that the wires rise

vertically. Then fix it with Allen key 1.5 mm. With fingers gently arrange the wires into a loop. (See Fig 1)

Due to the counterweight being at the end of the tonearm, the headshell end is raised. Using the same Allen key (1.5 mm), release the top screws and slide both weights off. Now you can check the position of the tube in the 'rest' position and rearrange the bearing base if necessary. Return first the thicker and then thinner counterweight to the rod and fix them gently so that the fixing screws are on top.

If Stogi S 12 VTA is mounted on other turntables, move the tube by hand towards the spindle as if in an 'inner groove' position and ensure there is enough clearance for the rod and counterweights. If not, consult your dealer.

#### **Cartridge mounting:**

Locate the hex screws for fixing the cartridge, or use screws supplied with the cartridge. Fix the cartridge under the headshell in such a position that the tip of the diamond is at the furthest point of the headshell.

With tweezers or other appropriate tool, (if using pliers be aware that strong force can break the wires under the insulation material) connect pins according colours:

Red	right +
Green	right -
White	left +
Blue	left -

#### **Tracking force:**

Adjust the thicker counterweights so that the cartridge is balanced while keeping the thinner counterweight as far away from the bearing as possible. If the cartridge is tilted (azimuth) when viewed from the front, rotate the thicker counterweight. For some lighter cartridges one counterweight will be adequate to obtain the correct tracking force. To adjust tracking force use a gauge and move the counterweight closer to the bearing to obtain the chosen force. Consult your dealer.

#### Cartridge set up:

Place the cartridge on the record and observe azimuth and height of the tonearm (VTA). See appendix for cartridge, VTA and azimuth adjustment on our web site.

#### Azimuth:

Level the turntable horizontally. Any change will affect the azimuth. Observe the mirror image of the cartridge on the record and adjust the tilt of the cartridge so that the mirror image and the cartridge is vertical and straight. For this adjustment, rotate the thinner counterweight. If you find that the tilt is excessive, then first rotate the thicker counterweight and then make fine adjustments with the thinner counterweight. See Page 2.

#### **Tangential geometry:**

Adjust the geometry of the cartridge in the headshell so that zero point will be on the protractor in both null points (66, 120.9 mm). Consult your dealer .

#### Oil for damping:

Carefully lift the tube base, bearing in mind the length of the wires and put it on top of the platter. Cut the tip off the nozzle of the PVC bottle and squeeze to fill the reservoir

surrounding the bearing shaft till the fluid level reaches the groove line inside the reservoir. In addition put 1-2 drops of fluid into the cup on top of the bearing shaft. The level of damping is chosen to suit the best cartridges available but you should experiment, especially with cheaper MM cartridges.

#### **Bias adjustment:**

Catch the string loop onto the hook which is at the back of the tube base. Be sure that the string runs in the groove. Adjustments are made by moving the small counterweight after releasing it with the Allen key (1.5mm). The maximum position is for 2.5 g tracking force and the minimum is for 1 g. Finer adjustment should be done using a test record. Consult your dealer.

#### Fine adjustments:

Re-check and readjust the tracking force, VTA and azimuth if necessary. For more precise adjustments, play the cartridge for 5-10 hours and then readjust. The cartridge will need about 50 hours playing to settle down for the best sound.

### 3. Adjustment of VTA:

It is extremely easy to set up VTA on this tonearm. Just unlock the lever at the back and rotate the VTA knob. VTA knob rotation CW- VTA down (Fig.1)

VTA adjustment between any two lines is 0.1 mm (the whole rotation is then 0.8 mm) which allows for very fine repeatable adjustment. The rigidity of the assembly is such that even in the unlocked position you will not feel slack. Move the tonearm VTA to the desired height. Simply lock the lever back with gentle force. Observe the 1 mm scale at the left hand side of tonearm tower (Fig.5). If you run out of range (10 mm), then you must reposition the tonearm height in the armbase. However take into account what is the optimal VTA by listening. Once you find out the correct VTA, rotate the outer ring of the VTA main knob and position it

into null position. This is now your starting point for very fine tuning.

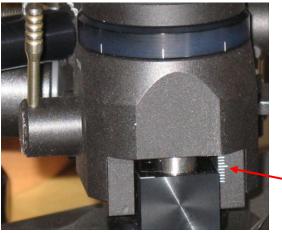


Fig. 2.VTA tower side-rough scale

### 4. Cueing device adjustment:

Should you find that in the 'up' position the cartridge is too high or too low above the record then the cueing device can be raised or lowered. This can be done simply by using Allen key 1.5 mm:

Insert key into screw on side of arm rest.

Release screw, raise or lower device and retighten.

Rotation of cueing device can affect the drift of cartridge while traveling vertically down.

The cueing device may lift slightly as the screw is retightened. Do not over-tighten as this may cause the cueing device to stick in the 'up' position. Should this occur, slightly release the screw.

#### **Tube rest:**

The height of the tube rest can be adjusted with Allen key (1.5 mm).

### 5. Maintenance:

#### **Bearing:**

The bearing does not require any maintenance.

#### **Cueing device:**

Occasionally clean the black foam tube support to increase grip, using soft cloth soaked in alcohol.

### 6. Problems:

#### Silicone oil spill:

If oil is spilled, firmly wipe with cloth or paper towel. Afterwards clean with a soft cloth soaked in alcohol.

#### **Tube running outwards:**

Due to the silicone damping and descent rate of the tonearm, lower friction on the cueing device in the 'play' position may cause the tube to travel towards the outer edge of the record. Check that surfaces on the cueing device are clean and, with fingers, bend down the part of the cueing device which lifts the tube at the inner groove. Check that bias is not too strong. Also check that the wire loop is in a normal arc .

#### **Mistracking:**

Inadequate tracking force.

The cartridge may be too light. If so check the choice of counterweight and use only one instead of two, or consult your dealer.

Cueing device too high in 'play' position and is touching the tube. See the air gap and lower the cueing device.

### 7. Transport:

When moved, be sure to secure the tube against the armrest and be sure that you do not tilt the turntable for more than 15 degrees, as this could cause a leakage of silicone oil. If moving longer distances, re fix the cable to the back of the tube, lift up the tube base and keep it above the bearing base for a short period of time until the silicone oil has dropped back into the reservoir. Clean the brass damping base with a paper towel. If you cannot be sure that the bearing base will be horizontal during shipment, remove silicone oil by pouring it away and wipe surfaces with a paper tower. If necessary obtain a new bottle of silicone oil from your dealer.

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